

Status of the PRIME Near-Infrared Microlensing Survey : First year

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telescope

PRime-focus Infrared Microlensing Experiment



The first dedicated NIR microlensing exoplanet survey

- > H-band microlensing survey
 - ✓ Find planets toward the inner bulge
 - ✓ <u>Support Roman</u>
 - Field optimization
 - Concurrent obs.

Off-bulge science :

- > ToO (GW, GRB)
- Transit survey
- RV survey by SAND





PRIME-Cam

- Detector : H4RG-10 \times 4 \rightarrow 64M pix
- FOV $: 1.3 \text{ deg}^2$
 - Filter : Z, Y, J, H-band+ Narrow-band ➤ Microlensing survey will use H-band.
- Limiting mag : 18.5 mag (H, Vega, integration time 100 s)
- Manufactured in Goddard and shipped to SA on Aug 2022.











Achievement Issue

Oct 2022 - PRIME-Cam installed and first science result (GRB)!









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- Chip 2 unavailable because ACADIA (ROIC) was broken during shipping
- Frequent condensation of dewar window
- Too bright thermal BG (leak from uncoated edge of cold window)

Гhermal	background	@	290	Κ
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Filter	Before (ADU/s)	
Z	1445	
Y	1345	
J	1065	
Н	1609	



Condensation even at humidity ~50%





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Feb 2023 - Replace dewar window and flanges and adjust the direction of dry-air

Thermal background @ 290 K

Filter	Before (ADU/s)	After (ADU/s)
Z	1445	233
Y	1345	270
J	1065	255
Н	1609	419

Flange to adjust the direction of dry-air





Condensation even at

No condensation even at humidity ~90%





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 - Chip 1 became unavailable (cable connection issue)



- Test observation toward the bulge started but only with chip3 & 4



cable





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June-July - Replace ACADIA and cable, and **all four chips became available**!

2023 - Optical alignment → Hartman constant ~0.35"
 → Detector tilt 70" (< tolerance 120")





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2023

- Bulge survey started with all four chips!
 (Off-bulge: pre-defined all sky grids for ToO reference and ToO like GRBs are observed)
- But we started to have a higher detector temperature issue...

GC image with four chips





Achievement Issue



Bulge survey has started on July 2023!



-1

0

2

1

H-band, 8.58 sec.

PRIME bulge survey field





Data processing procedure

- We have been developing data reduction pipeline
- Each field is observed by 12 x 11.44 sec exposures
- Each 11.44 sec exposure consists of 4 non-destructive read-out frames (2.86 sec/frame)



Classical non-linearity correction (CNLC)



→ <u>CNLC worked successfully for good pixels</u>

CNLC doesn't work for hot/warm pixels



- The number of hot/warm pixels were negligible when observing with chip3 & 4
- Hot/warm pixels increased (~40% for chip4) due to higher detector temperature (~108 K → ~117 K) since the recovery of chips 1 & 2.

Non-linearity in hot/warm pixel

Long exposure with stable light source



→ Dark seems to have a different non-linear behavior than normal signal...

New NLC method developed (Hamada+)

- New method for NLC taking into account high dark current developed (Hamada+ in prep.)



 \rightarrow might be also useful for Roman's warm pixels??

DIA worked!



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Summary

- **PRIME bulge survey has started** on July 25
- New method for non-linearity correction was developed
- Data reduction pipeline is mostly developed, and light curve will be produced soon